The Political Circuit

Cuba Critics Losing Steam

By ROBERT HEALY (Political Editor)

WASHINGTON-The administration has taken some of the partisan steam out of the Cuban issue. Not that there is any solution to the problem that dogs the Kennedy administration,

the public.

But it was obvious Thursday from the tone of the talk by Sen. Keating (R-N.Y.), the administration's most severe critic on Cuba, that the partisan heat of the Cuban issue has been lowered several degrees.

Keating was moderate; even sometimes gentle, in his criticism. The harshest thing he had to say was that President Kennedy failed to communicate his policy on Cuba to the Congress and the public. And he added that the government was as much puzzled about Cuba as is

What was billed as the great dialogue between the two opposing forces sputtered out here Thursday afternoon when Keating gave his pitch first to the newspaper editors of the nation and then he was followed to the rostrum by Secretary of State Dean Rusk.

But the real tipoff came before Rusk began to speak. On Capitol Hill Senate Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield complimented Keating on the tone of his remarks before the editors.

Thursday's event was no accident.

The administration has been working to cool the partisan fires on Cyba for some time now.

At first it we suggested that the Kennedy administration publica a White Paper on Cuba in which

it would answer clearly all it: critics.

The White Paper was drafted and after several efforts the President finally re-

jected the idea.

Instead another plan was followed it was to take individual criticaling camp, listen appreciatively to their suggestions and send them away

State Department's specialists

on Cuban analy, Robert Lury Cou

the job.

But in the case of the administration's most effective critic. Sen Rearing he was riven the full treatment. He was briefed with both central intelligence Director John McCone and Secretary of State Rusk. If he had to sit down with the President, as some have suggested, there has been no mention made of it.

About these needings Keating was very generous. He said that some of the measures he had recommended to the administration leaders have been put into effect, though not all of them. He said for this much he commended the administration.

But it was not all hearts and flowers for the Ken-

But it was not all hearts and flowers for the Kennedy administration. Keating said that unless the United States Government has some long-term program to dislodge the Soviets
from Cuba then the Congress

and the country will have maching to support.

His principal thrust against the administration was that they had deceived the public in the early days of the Soviet buildup.

And he charged that there had been no substantial reduction in the 17,000 Soviet personnel in Cuba.



SEN. KEATING

His sharpest needle came when he said that the administration referred to these Soviet personnel as technicians when they entered Caba and troops when they pulled out.

But this over-all was a mild line for Keating. He made it clear that he did not favor an invasion of Caha to dislodge Fidel Castro. Nor was he in favor of using U.S. bases as a launching spot for hit-and-run raids by Cuban brigades on Soviet shipping. His tone was a good deal more moderate than that of Gev. Rockefeller of New York who came down here last week and dropped a broadside that possibly there were secret communications between Premier Khaashehev and President Kennedy on Cuba that have not been revealed. Rockefeller even suggested appeasement in the Kennedy Cuban policy.

But after the New York governor left foun he was roundly whacked by columnists for his vague suggestions of appeasement and secret communications.

Keating moved far away from the Rockefeller piteli.

Rusk, who was slated to answer the New York serator's charges, was equally as mild. He said that the Soviet presence in Cuba was not eccepted as a i ormal state of affairs for the island. But when he was asked how long it would be before the abnormal recarre normal, he would put no time limit on it.

He said his department welcomed honest criticism and he found in his work with Congress that there was little partisan effort and much more common purpose,

But he couldn't resist reminding Krating (without mentioning him by name, of trurse) that both parties were joint stockholders in 11. In his hed business of such areas as Viet Nam. Law and Cuba.

Remember, said Rusk, lites of others did not all start in 1961. As Rusk said earlier? Percent of the him has a partier of the him has a partier of the way the said the

LCPA-RDP75-00149R00040013002444